



# **Nanotechnology Funding: A Global Perspective**

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Cientifica Ltd

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# Cientifica

- Rational Market Research
- Corporate & Government Strategies
- Technology Commercialisation

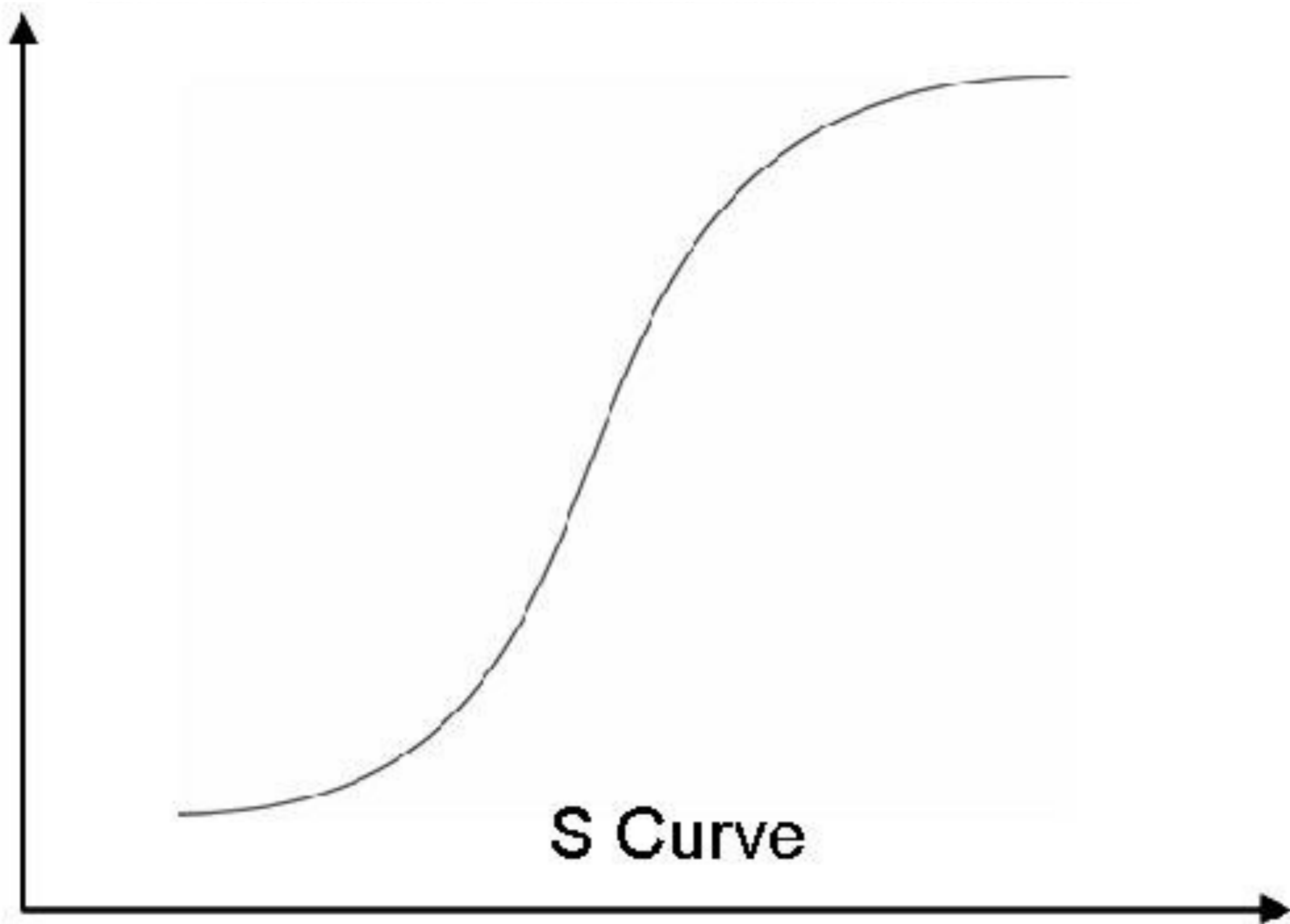


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COMMITTED TO  
IMPROVING THE STATE  
OF THE WORLD

# Cientifica Global Funding Report

- Performed every two years
- Looks at government and private funding
- Used by infrastructure providers to target emerging markets
- The most accurate funding picture available

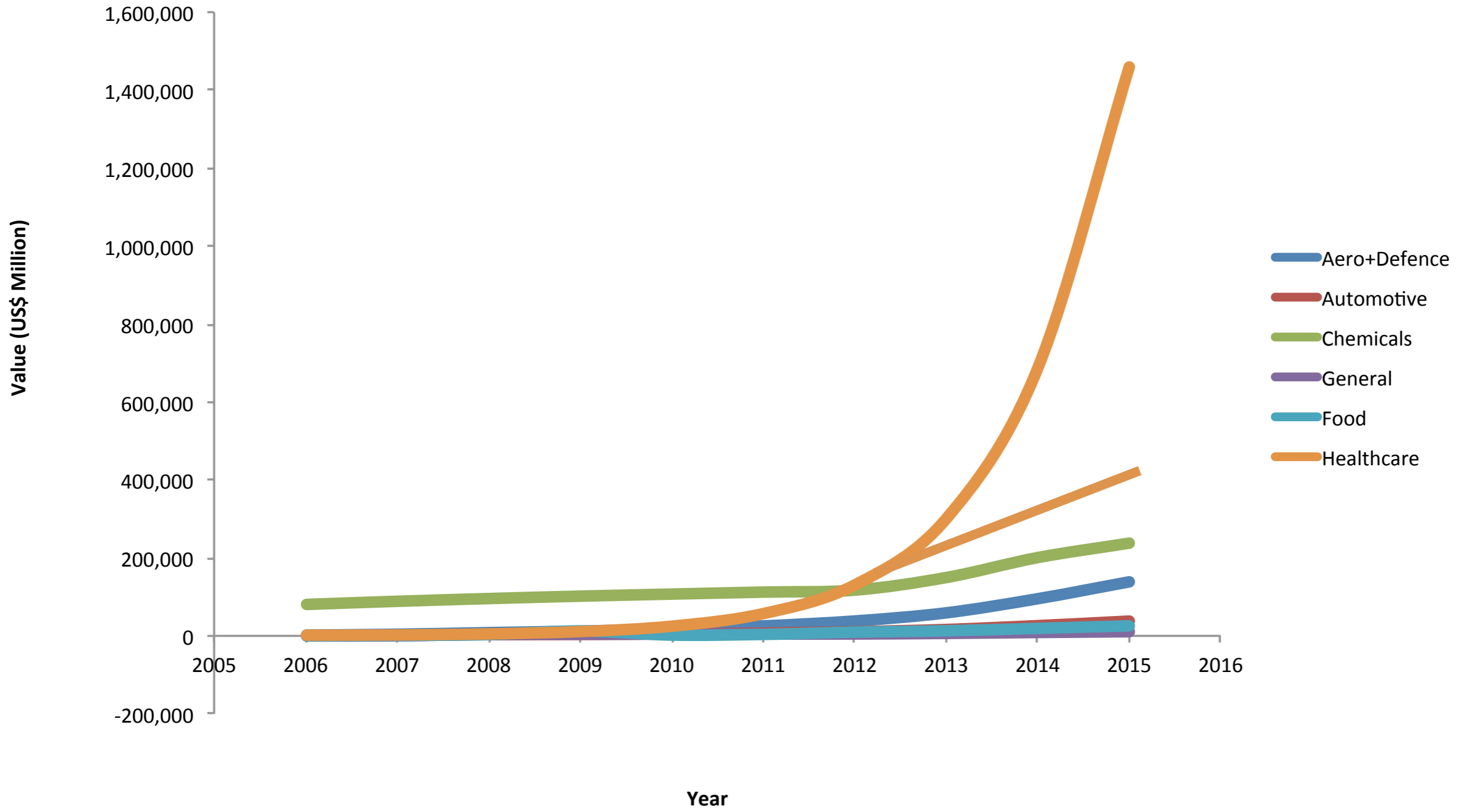




# \$0.25 Trillion

- In the last 11 years, governments around the world have invested more than US\$67.5 billion in nanotechnology funding.
- When corporate research and various other forms of private funding are taken into account, nearly a quarter of a trillion dollars will have been invested in nanotechnology by 2015.

# Nanotechnology Market Evolution 2006-15



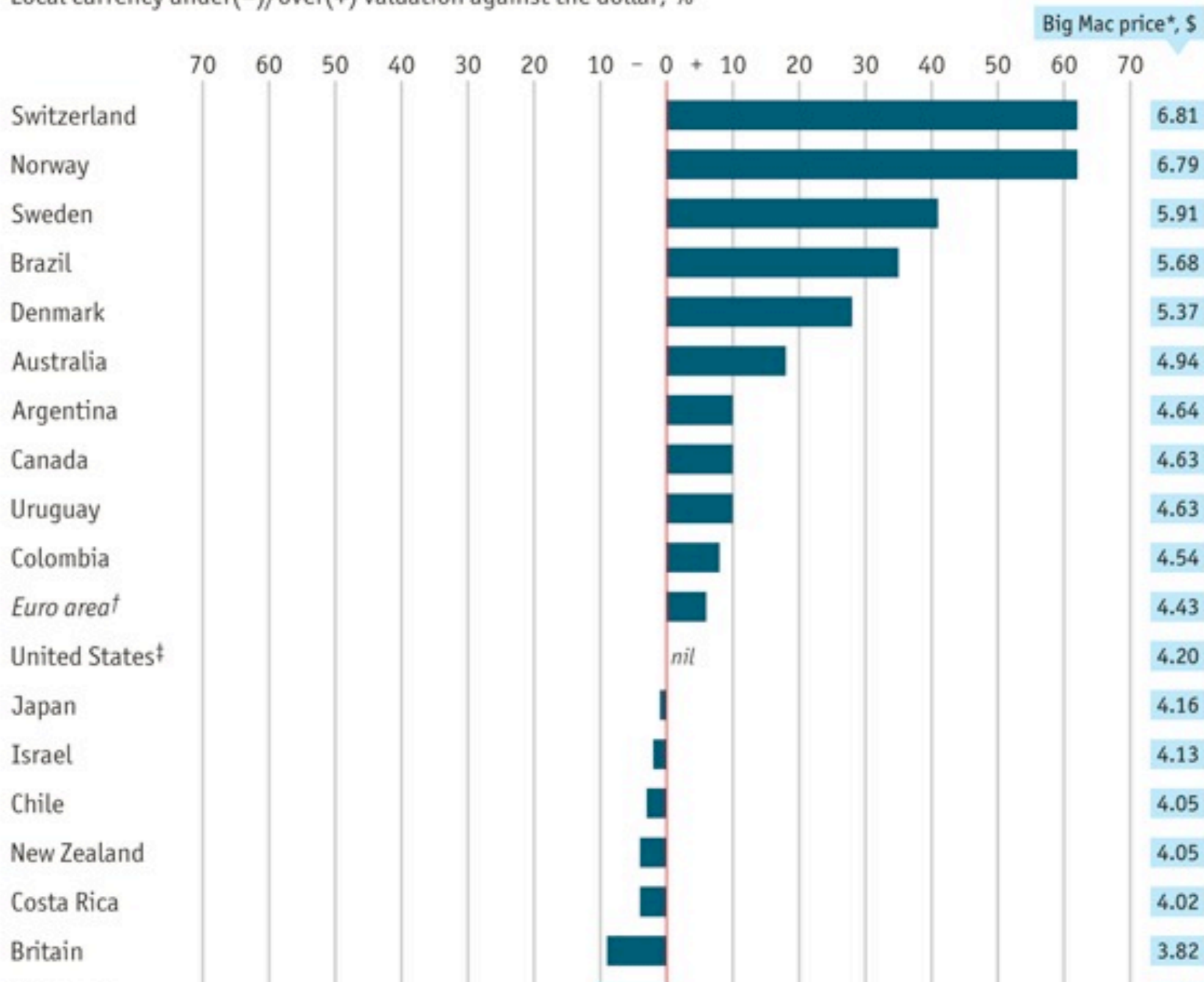
# Apples & Oranges?

- China will spend US\$2.25 billion in nanotechnology research while the US will spend US\$2.18 billion.
- In real dollar terms, adjusted for currency exchange rates, China is only spending about US\$1.3 billion to the US's \$2.18 billion.

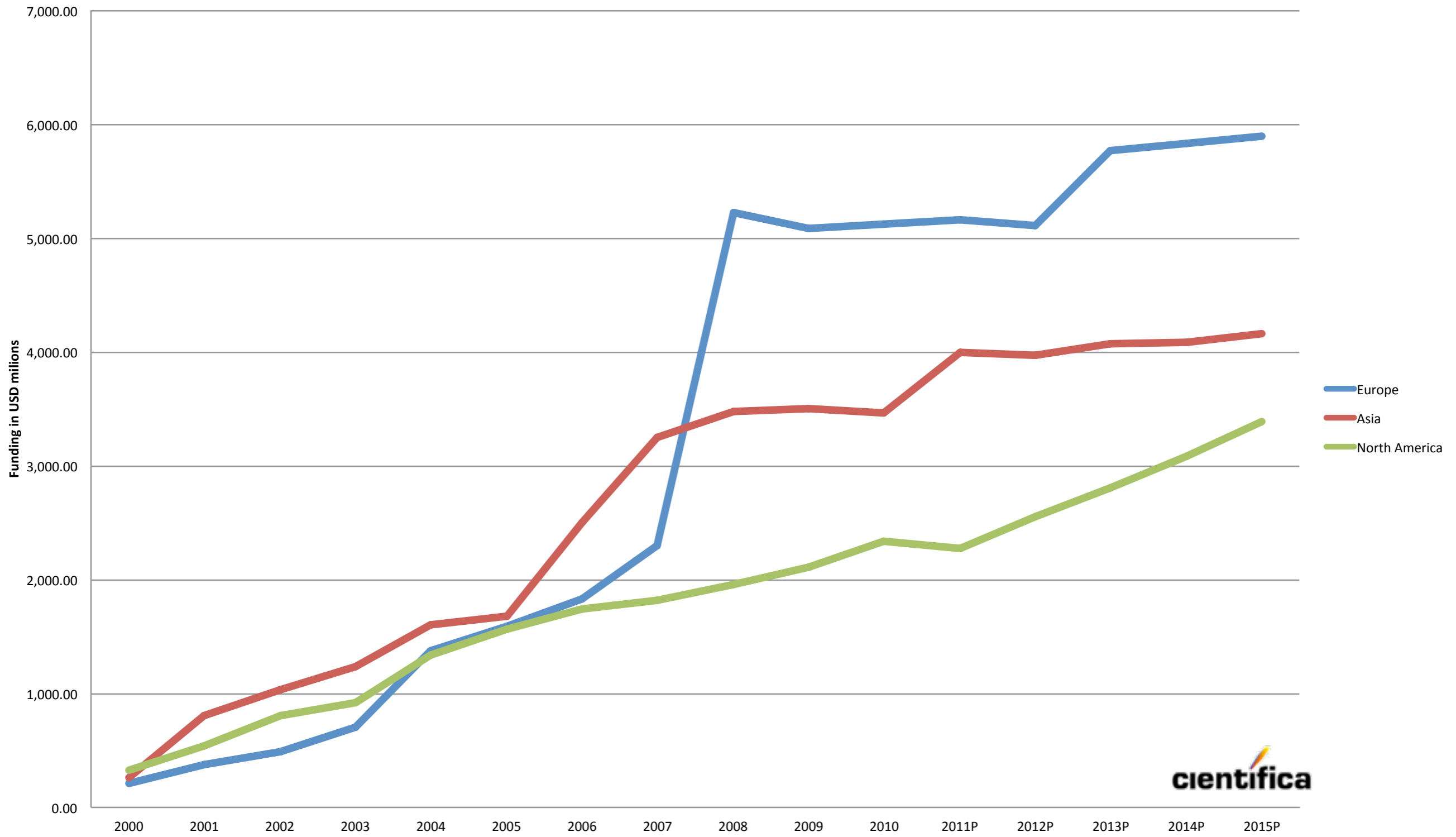


## The Big Mac index

Local currency under(-)/over(+) valuation against the dollar, %



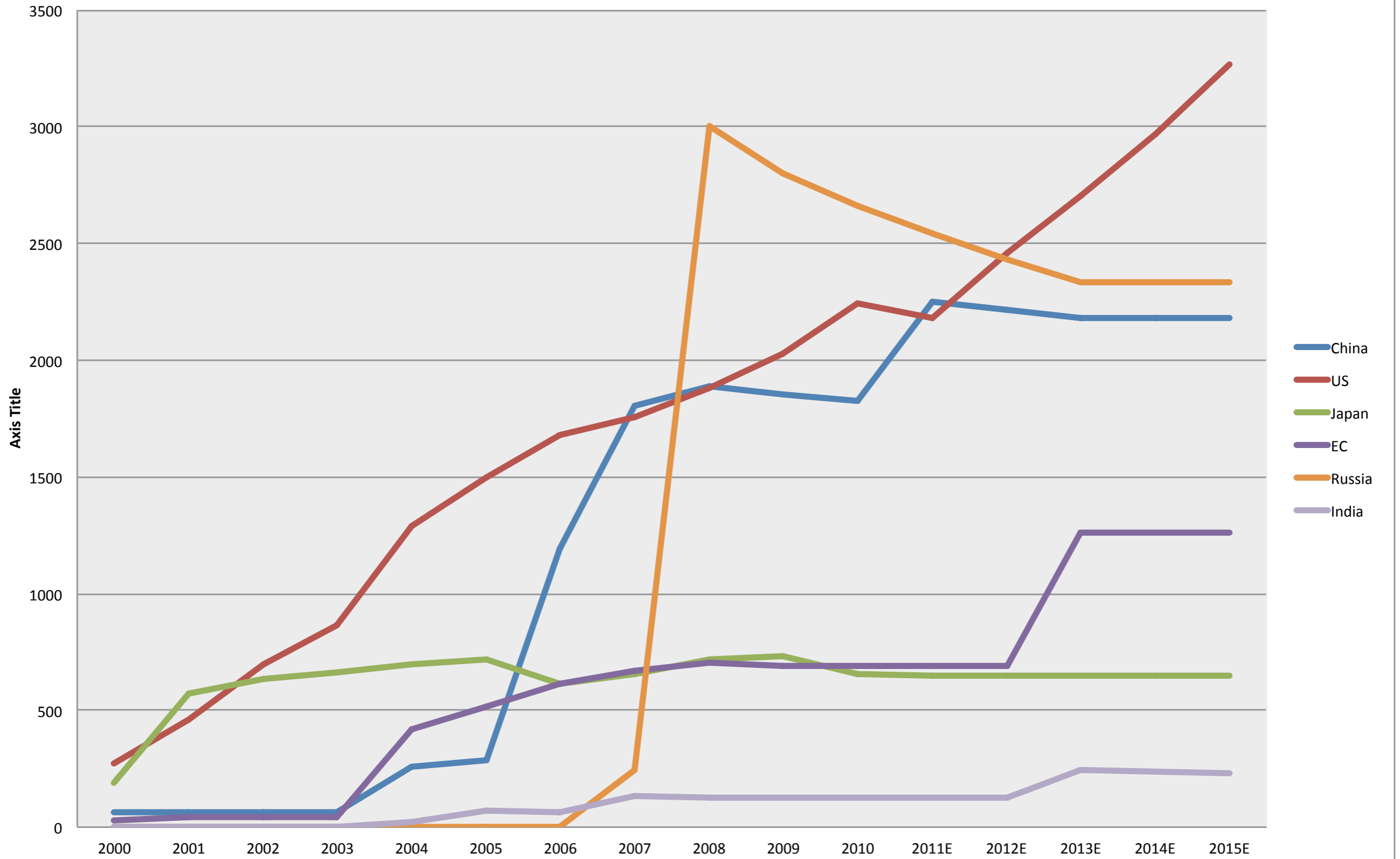
# Global Funding by Region



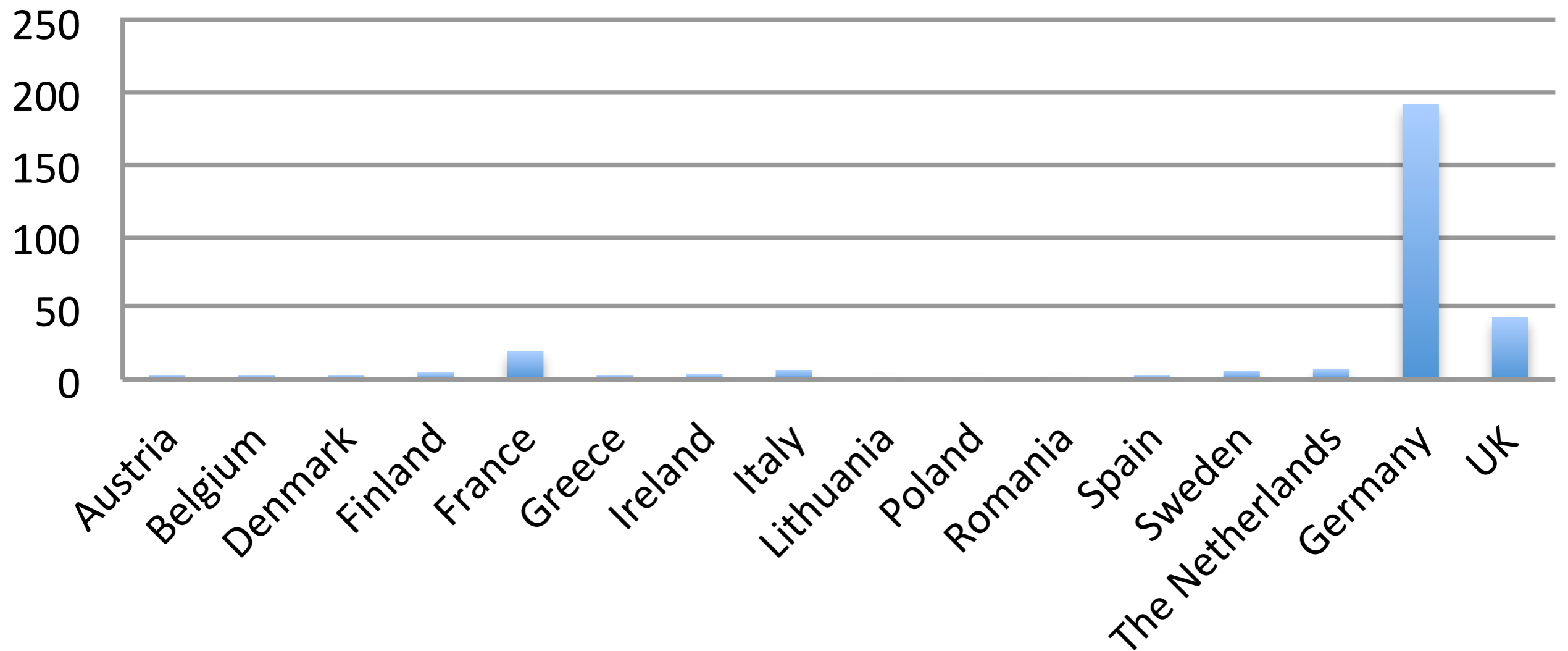
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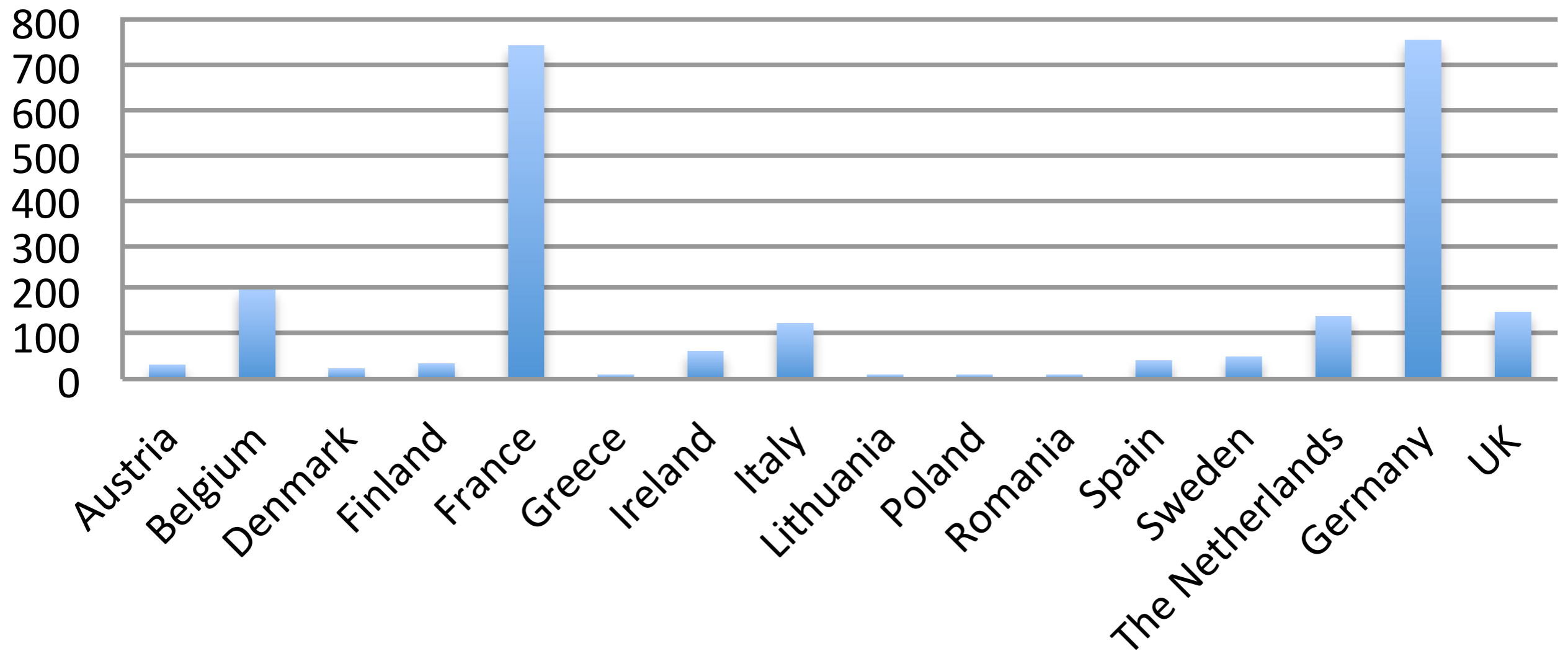
# PPP Corrected Funding



# EU National Nanotech Funding 2001 (M€)



# EU National Nanotech Funding 2011 (M€)



# Moving from Nanotech to Advanced Manufacturing

- EHS has always been a key topic
- European funding is shifting from nanoscience to applications
- “nano” funding is increasingly hidden inside application focussed programs

# How Effective Is The Funding?

- Need to look at overall global competitiveness, quality of institutions, capacity for innovation and levels of company spending on R&D
- Creates a measure of the economic impact of emerging technologies, and the efficiency and likelihood of translating technology funding into the economy.

# Factors Considered

- Quality of Scientific Institutions
- Capacity for Innovation
- Global Competitiveness
- Company Spending on R&D
- Quality of Maths & Science Education
- Govt Procurement of Advanced Tech Products



# EmTech Exploitation Factor

Germany	5.72
Japan	5.6
United States	5.52
UK	5.15
Taiwan	5.03
South Korea	4.69
EU	4.43
China	4.37
India	4.06
Russia	3.72

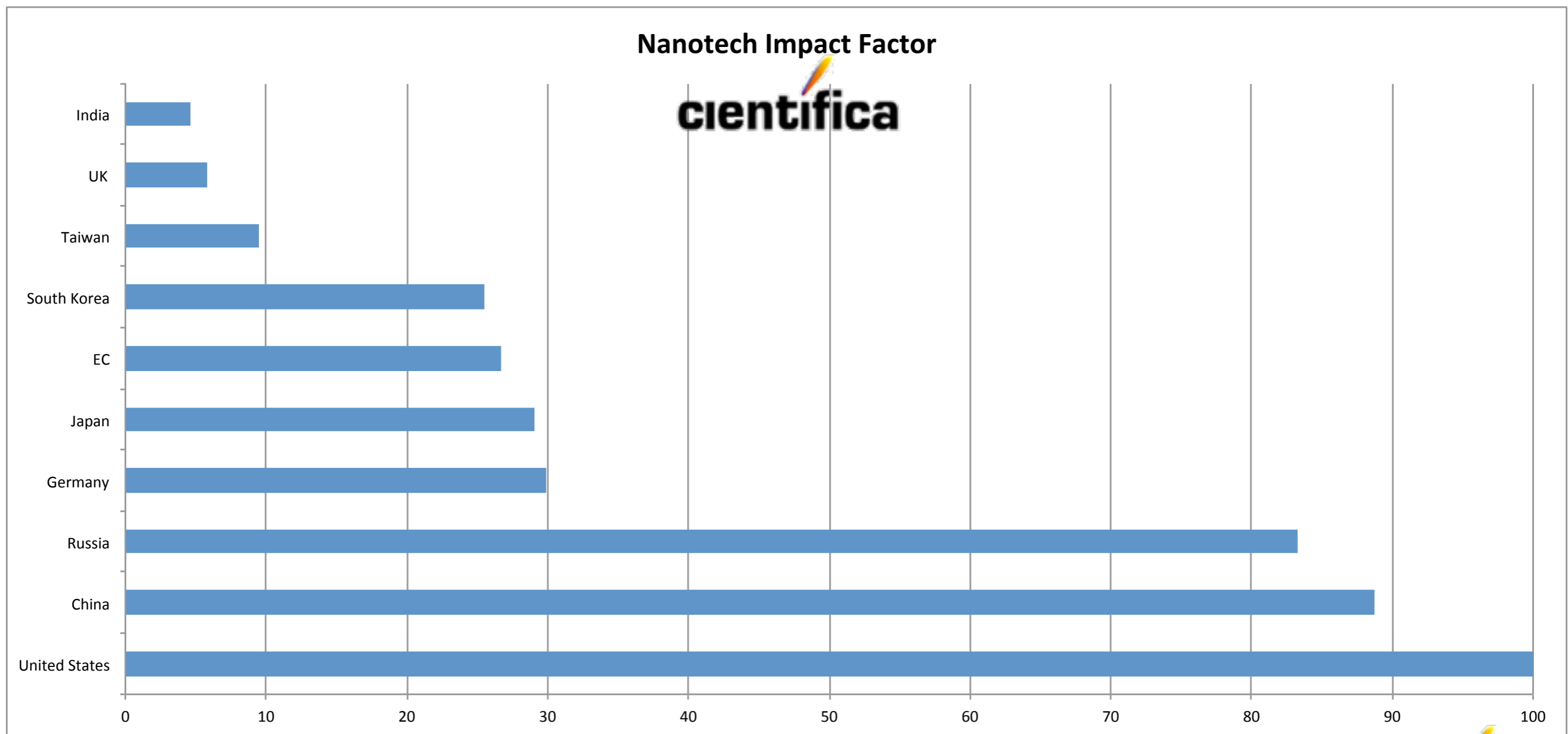
# Fine in Theory, But...

Once we factor in real funding levels the picture changes dramatically...

# Nanotech Impact Factor

United States	120.41
China	98.18
Russia	98.18
Germany	94.7
Japan	37.78
EU	36.37
South Korea	30.52
Taiwan	28.32
UK	10.59
India	7.1

# Economic Impact of Nanotech



# Contrasting Initiatives

紀念照拍攝區

# 奈米國家型科技人才培育計畫

Nanotechnology Human Resource Development Program







# تحلیل ارزیابی رشته ها

رشته تحصیلی شیمی، مهندسی مواد، فراینگ و مهندسی شیمی ۵۷ درصد امتیازات کلی را بدست آورده اند.  
امتیازات کلی تنها توسط دانشجویان در ۵۵ رشته های تحصیلی به دست آمد.

رتبه	رشته تحصیلی	امتیاز	درصد امتیازات کلی
۱	شیمی	۱۳۶۰۰۰۰۰	۳۱.۳۶
۲	مهندسی مواد	۱۳۰۰۰۰۰۰	۲۹.۵۵
۳	فراینگ	۱۲۵۰۰۰۰۰	۲۸.۳۶
۴	مهندسی شیمی	۱۲۰۰۰۰۰۰	۲۷.۱۷
۵	مهندسی مکانیک	۱۱۵۰۰۰۰۰	۲۵.۹۸
۶	فیزیک	۱۱۰۰۰۰۰۰	۲۴.۷۹
۷	مهندسی برق	۱۰۵۰۰۰۰۰	۲۳.۶۰
۸	فناوری نو	۱۰۰۰۰۰۰۰	۲۲.۴۱
۹	مهندسی صنایع	۹۵۰۰۰۰۰	۲۱.۲۲
۱۰	مهندسی پزشکی	۹۰۰۰۰۰۰	۲۰.۰۳



**nano&me**  
Nanotechnology in our lives

- WHAT IS NANO?
- NANO PRODUCTS
- NANO SAFETY
- SOCIAL & ETHICAL
- REGULATION
- THE NANO DEBATE

NANO NEWS

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about nano in our lives.





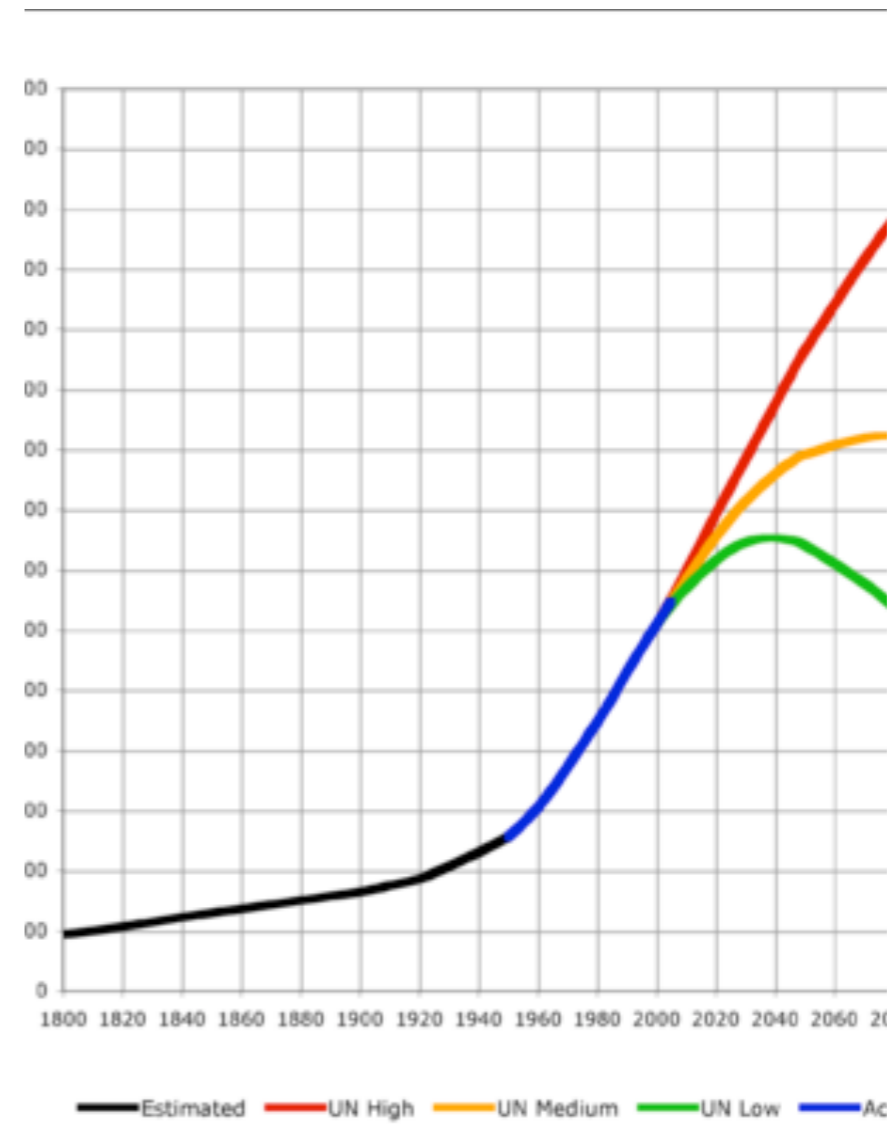
# Why Does The UK Underperform?

- No clear strategy from outset
- Government terrified by EHS
- No strategic plan ever references the one before!
- Disconnect between academic research and industry

# Future Funding

Sustained technology innovation is the only way that the world has supported six billion people and will continue to sustain 9 billion people by 2050.

WEF Global Agenda  
Council on Emerging  
Technologies



# The Policy Problem

- Most global organisations were conceived in the pre-television age
- Technology is still associated with risk rather than solutions
- Is the agenda for nanotechnology, synthetic biology, GMO's etc driven by science or Twitter?

# Technology as Social Insurance

The social insurance concept captures the idea of minimizing future liabilities from either evolving or catastrophic events by ensuring the means to manage these events through proactive investment.

# Rethinking Funding

- VC industry under serves science based companies
- Need to create incentives for longer term investment



# Lessons from 10 years and \$67 Billion

- Effectiveness of funding programs varies widely
- Little chance of continuation after funding finishes
- Many dysfunctional and poorly thought out initiatives
- Triple helix of government, industry & academia needed for success

# Finally

Nanotechnologies and biosciences will be as important to the 21st Century as oil, polymers and semiconductors were to the 20th Century

We have the tools, lets use them wisely